

### Lesson Plan for Grades: $6^{th} - 8^{th}$ Length of Lesson: 2 hr 30 min

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Subject area/course: Science, Astronomy, Space

### Materials:

- Pens, markers, posters, tape, construction paper and other assorted materials
- Computers with Internet Access
- Calculators

### TEKS/SEs:

### §112.18. Science

- (3) Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decisions and knows the contributions of relevant scientists. The student is expected to:
  - (B) use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as a model of Earth's layers
  - (C) identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, properties, and materials
- (11) Earth and space. The student understands the organization of our solar system and the relationships among the various bodies that comprise it. The student is expected to:
  - (A) describe the physical properties, locations, and movements of the Sun, planets, Galilean moons, meteors, asteroids, and comets

### §112.19. Science

- (3) Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decisions and knows the contributions of relevant scientists. The student is expected to:
  - (B) use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as a model of Earth's layers
  - (C) identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, properties, and materials
- (9) Earth and space. The student knows components of our solar system. The student is expected to:
  - (A) analyze the characteristics of objects in our solar system that allow life to exist such as the proximity of the Sun, presence of water, and composition of the atmosphere

### §112.20. Science

- (3) Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decisions and knows the contributions of relevant scientists. The student is expected to:
  - (B) use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as a model of Earth's layers
  - (C) identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, properties, and materials
- (8) Earth and space. The student knows characteristics of the universe. The student is expected to:



(A) describe components of the universe, including stars, nebulae, and galaxies, and use models such as the Herztsprung-Russell diagram for classification

### Lesson objective(s):

- Students will be able to research collaboratively on the internet at teacher-approved sites
- Students will understand that Jupiter is the largest planet in the solar system, and show its size compared to other members of the solar system

### Differentiation strategies to meet diverse learner needs:

• ELL students and students with learning disabilities should have multiple forms of instruction including visual and written instruction sheets as well as verbal instruction and demonstration

### **ENGAGEMENT (20 minutes)**

- Working in teams, students will do some research about Jupiter in particular. Groups will present a poster with the following information:
  - Three interesting facts about Jupiter.
  - Use one of the terms from the word bank list, provide a definition for the class and integrate it in their facts about Jupiter
    - Moons Orbit Diameter Axis Rings Jovian
- A list of reference websites is provided in the student worksheet. Additional websites from reliable sources can be used with the teacher's approval
- Teacher introduces the project for this lesson: working in teams they will create models of the solar system so they can see to see the relative size of Jupiter

### **EXPLORATION (30 minutes)**

- Teams will work in finding information about the solar system. Each team needs to create a model that represents planets relative size. Each team needs to find the size of all the stars/planets listed in the worksheet.
- Teams must then select a scale for creating their model. Encourage teams to be creative with their scales but stay within reasonable boundaries. Using calculators, each team should complete the attached worksheet with how they will scale their model. Teams will use this information in a 3-minute class presentation.
  - Teacher walks around the room asking questions about what the students are doing.
  - Teacher listens to student ideas as they talk to each other.
  - Teacher provides support to students as needed (without providing the answer).

### **EXPLANATION (30 minutes)**

- Each team does a short 3-minute presentation about the scale they will use and give an example of how the scale will work for one of the planets.
  - Teachers encourage students to explain concepts in their own words.
  - Teachers provide important ideas that students provide.
  - Teachers introduce vocabulary, formal labels or definitions as needed.

### **ELABORATION (1 hours 10 minutes)**

- Teams will now create their scaled models. Models can be drawings or anything more complex using the materials provided. Each team must use the scales they selected when creating their models.
- Models will be evaluated by other teams during a gallery walk using the rubric provided. Each team must



evaluate at least three other models in the gallery walk. Models should include:

- o Sun and planets clearly labeled and in correct order
- Scale used must be clearly explained
- Actual size of the star/planet must be included
  - Teachers ask student to use the new vocabulary appropriately.
  - Teachers encourage students to incorporate real world connections.

### **EVALUATION (throughout)**

- Students will be evaluated on their posters and models using the rubrics provided.
  - Teachers ask questions that provide insight into student progress.
  - o Teachers observe students as they create posters and look for evidence of understanding.

### SOURCES AND RESOURCES

- Dr. Donald Blankenship's Hot Science Cool Talks #57, "Beginning the Search for Life on the Outer Planets" www.hotsciencecooltalks.org
- "On Jupiter", Lesson Plan, Discovery Education: <u>www.discoveryeducation.com/teachers/free-lesson-plans/on-jupiter.cfm</u>
- Jupiter Resources:
  - Space Facts, "Jupiter Facts", <u>www.space-facts.com/jupiter</u>
  - o Jupiter Facts for Kids, <u>www.sciencekids.co.nz/sciencefacts/planets/jupiter.html</u>
  - Hot Science Cool Talks #57, <u>www.hotsciencecooltalks.org</u>
- Solar System Resources:
  - Nine Planets Solar System Tour: <u>www.nineplanets.org</u>
  - NASA, "Planets, Moons and Dwarf Planets", <u>www.nasa.gov/content/planets-moons-and-dwarf-planets</u>



### **STUDENT HANDOUT:** JUPITER FACTS (30 minutes)

Working in teams of 3 - 4, research some interesting facts about Jupiter. Your team will present a poster with the following information:

- Three interesting facts about Jupiter.
- Use one of the words from the word bank list, integrate it in your description about Jupiter and provide a definition for the class.

Moons Orbit Diameter Axis Rings Jovian

Present your 3-minute presentation of your poster. Your poster will be evaluated using the following rubric:

1	2	3	4
Poster only includes one	Poster only includes two	Poster only includes three	Poster includes three facts
fact about Jupiter. No term	facts about Jupiter. No term	facts about Jupiter. Term	about Jupiter. Term from
from the word bank is	from the word bank is	from the word bank is	word back is included and it
included.	included.	included but it is not	is included in the Jupiter
		applied to facts about	facts.
		Jupiter.	

# Select a Term from the Word Bank and Provide a Definition List THREE Facts About Jupiter 1. 2. 3.

References:

- Space Facts, "Jupiter Facts", <u>www.space-facts.com/jupiter</u>
- Jupiter Facts for Kids, <u>www.sciencekids.co.nz/sciencefacts/planets/jupiter.html</u>
- Hot Science Cool Talks #57, <u>www.hotsciencecooltalks.org</u>



### **STUDENT HANDOUT:** SOLAR SYSTEM DIMENSIONS (30 minutes)

Working in teams of 3 - 4 research the dimensions of the solar system and fill out the information under the "Actual Size (diameter column). Then, select a reasonable scale.

## Our team will use the following scale:

miles = \_\_\_\_\_ in

Next complete "Scaled Size" column. Your team will use this information to create a scale model of the solar system.

Star/Planet	Actual Size (diameter)	Scaled Size
Sun		
Mercury		
Venus		
Earth		
Mars		
Jupiter		
Saturn		
Uranus		
Neptune		

References:

- Nine Planets Solar System Tour: <u>www.nineplanets.org</u>
- NASA, "Planets, Moons and Dwarf Planets", <u>www.nasa.gov/content/planets-moons-and-dwarf-planets</u>



### **STUDENT HANDOUT:** Gallery Walk – Model Evaluations

Team: \_\_\_\_\_\_

1	2	3	4
Sun and/or planets are not	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are
clearly labeled or missing.	clearly labeled but not in	clearly labeled and in order.	clearly labeled and in order.
No scale is included. Actual	order. No scale is included	Either the scale or the	Scale is clearly labeled.
sizes of planets are missing.	and/or actual sizes of	actual size of the planets is	Actual sizes of the planets is
	planets are missing.	missing.	included.

Comments:

Questions:

Team: \_\_\_\_\_\_

1	2	3	4
Sun and/or planets are not	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are
clearly labeled or missing.	clearly labeled but not in	clearly labeled and in order.	clearly labeled and in order.
No scale is included. Actual	order. No scale is included	Either the scale or the	Scale is clearly labeled.
sizes of planets are missing.	and/or actual sizes of	actual size of the planets is	Actual sizes of the planets is
	planets are missing.	missing.	included.

Comments:

Questions:

Team: \_\_\_\_\_\_

1	2	3	4
Sun and/or planets are not	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are	Sun and/or planets are
clearly labeled or missing.	clearly labeled but not in	clearly labeled and in order.	clearly labeled and in order.
No scale is included. Actual	order. No scale is included	Either the scale or the	Scale is clearly labeled.
sizes of planets are missing.	and/or actual sizes of	actual size of the planets is	Actual sizes of the planets is
	planets are missing.	missing.	included.

Comments:

Questions: